

# **BCT Credit Tender 24-01**

# **Outcomes report**

September 2024

# **Contents**

1.	Purpose	3
2.	Introduction	3
3.	Credit Tender 24-01 process	3
4.	Tender Outcomes	4
5.	Other sources of market information	9

## 1. Purpose

This report outlines the results of the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Trust's (BCT's) state-wide biodiversity Credit Tender 24-01 held in April 2024. It provides insight to the number and type of credits received in bids and prices for credits the BCT offered to purchase. The purpose of the report is to support the Biodiversity Offsets Scheme by providing market information to participants.

### 2. Introduction

A key function of the BCT within the NSW Biodiversity Offsets Scheme is to secure offsets on behalf of developers who choose to pay into the Biodiversity Conservation Fund (BCF). The BCT is responsible for securing biodiversity credits to meet these offset obligations.

A biodiversity credit tender is one method the BCT uses to purchase biodiversity credits. In a credit tender, applicants submit a bid price to sell their credits to the BCT. The BCT considers the bids through a competitive, reverse auction process.

A BCT credit tender is available to existing credit owners as well as landholders who are interested in establishing a Biodiversity Stewardship Agreement (BSA). The credit tender is limited to credits on the BCT's Wanted Credits List. The Wanted Credits List is specifically developed for the credit tender and is released on the BCT's Credit Offer Portal prior to the tender opening.

## 3. Credit Tender 24-01 process

The BCT Credit Tender 24-01 (the tender) opened from 3 to 24 April 2024. The tender process is outlined in the tender <u>Participants Guide</u> (refer to the Biodiversity credit tender outcomes tab).

The evaluation of value-for-money bids was undertaken by an evaluation panel in accordance with a rigorous bid evaluation plan and overseen by an independent probity advisor.

The tender was promoted through regular channels including the BCT's website, BCT Regional Newsletters, BOS Update Newsletters, and the BCT mailing list of accredited assessors and credit owners.

## 4. Tender Outcomes

#### 4.1 Bids received and evaluated

The term 'bid' is used when a credit owner or landholder submits a price to sell a specific number and type of credits to the BCT through a tender. In total, 655 bids offered to sell 64,690 credits from 128 different Offset Trading Groups, with a total cost of over \$768 Million. Participants with existing credits accounted for 318 bids, while 334 bids were for *proposed* credits from landholders in the process of establishing a BSA. This is more than double the bids for proposed credits received in the May 2023 Tender and the first time there have been more bids for proposed credits than existing. Three bids were withdrawn by the applicant prior to the Panel meeting.

Of the 652 bids remaining (i.e. excluding withdrawn bids), 169 bids were determined to be ineligible. Ineligible bids did not proceed to the evaluation Panel meeting due to one or more of the eligibility criteria outlined in the Participants' Guide not being satisfied (**Table 1**).

Table 1 Common reasons for ineligible bids and how to ensure bids are eligible

Ineligible bid	How to ensure your future bids are eligible
reason	The state of the s
Bid credits did	As an applicant, you simply need to search the Wanted Credits List for
not match credits	the credit class you own (or propose to create). For species credits, enter
owned (existing	the species name (common or scientific) of the credits you own and select the
credits) or credits	search button. For ecosystem credits, enter the <b>four</b> credit class attributes
expected to be	that identify the credits you own:
generated	IBRA subregion
(proposed	Plant Community Type (PCT) ID
credits)	Offset Trading Group
	Hollow-bearing tree status.
	Tionow-bearing tree status.
	Entering less than four credit class attributes may result in an incorrect credit
	class being displayed and your bid may be ineligible. If one credit class
	attribute does not match the credit class you own, your bid is likely to be
	ineligible.
	For example, if your credits do not have hollow-bearing trees, you are only
	eligible to submit a bid for wanted credits without hollow-bearing trees. Bids
	for PCT IDs that do not match your PCT ID will be ineligible.
	-
	More guidance is available on the <u>Credit Offer Portal</u> webpage and in the
	Participants' Guide available on the <u>Credit Tenders</u> webpage.
	Make sure all required documentation is uploaded with the application in
	accordance with the Participants' Guide available on the Credit Tenders
	webpage. As a minimum, these include:
Inadequate	
supporting	for existing credit owners, the finalised BAM Biodiversity Credit Report or
documentation	biodiversity credit ownership report or, for BBAM credits, the statement of
submitted with	reasonable credit equivalence
the Tender	for proposed credits, the Business case prepared by an accredited      for proposed credits, the Business case prepared by an accredited
application	assessor or a draft or finalised Biodiversity Stewardship Site Assessment
	Report (BSSAR). The Business case must meet the requirements
	outlined in the Participants' Guide available on the Credit Tenders
	webpage.

#### "483 eligible bids received - 64 more bids than last tender"

The BCT received 483 eligible bids for evaluation by the Panel, which is 64 more bids than the last tender.

The BCT made offers to purchase 138 'value for money' bids. The remaining 345 bids were rejected for the following reasons:

- Eligible and 'value for money' but the BCT accepted other higher-ranked bids for purchase to satisfy the number of credits the BCT needs
- One or more of the eligibility criteria outlined in the Participants' Guide was not satisfied (includes 169 ineligible bids identified before the Panel meeting, Table 1)
- Not 'value for money' as described in the Participants' Guide (section 5.3.2), or
- Withdrawn by applicants (includes 3 bids withdrawn before and 4 bids withdrawn after the Panel meeting).

Attachment A shows the outcomes of the 655 received bids including the weighted average price for credits the BCT offered to purchase. Bids have been grouped by the Offset Trading Group.

It is important to note that **not all offers by the BCT proceed to a successful credit purchase**. The reasons for this can include:

- the credit owner not proceeding with the purchase or
- the total sale price would not make a sufficient contribution to the Total Fund Deposit (TFD)
   required under the BC Act or
- other requirements not being met.

#### 4.2 Offers made

"The BCT offered to purchase 7,994 credits for \$37 million – more than double in the last tender"

The BCT offered to purchase 7,994 credits from 138 bids representing a total value of \$37.17 million, more than double in the last tender (**Table 2**).

Table 2 Total number of credits and value of the BCT offers to purchase

Credit Type	BAM Credits	Total value of BCT offers
Ecosystem Credits	6,034	\$33,408,894
Species Credits	1,960	\$3,770,052
Total	7,994	\$37,178,946

The BCT offered to purchase \$20.4 million of existing credits and \$16.7 million of proposed credits from 26 proposed BSAs currently being established.

The BCT offered to purchase credits for 51 different ecosystem Offset Trading Groups in 27 different IBRA subregions<sup>1</sup>, and for 15 species in 16 different IBRA subregions.

#### 4.3 Offers accepted and proceeding to purchase

"The BCT has committed to purchase 7,496 credits for \$36 million – more than triple in the last tender"

Table 3 identifies the number and cost of the credits that the BCT is proceeding to purchase, as at 2 September 2024. The BCT has committed to purchase 7,496 credits from the tender bids for a total cost of \$36.3 million, more than triple in the last tender.

Table 3 Bids proceeding to a purchase

Credit Type	Number of BAM Credits	Purchase Cost		
Ecosystem Credits	5,903	\$32,746,420		
Species Credits	1,593	\$3,577,712		
Total	7,496	\$36,324,132		

"Credit purchases will allow three stewardship sites to commence active management of biodiversity".

The tender outcomes are expected to contribute funds to 42 existing BSA landowners and enable three existing sites to fulfil their Total Fund Deposit and commence active management. The BCT has also committed to purchase 5,160 credits from 20 proposed BSA sites, supporting new landholders to establish new stewardship sites.

"Supporting 20 landholders to establish new stewardship sites by committing to purchase credits before sites are established".

The final outcomes and resulting credit transactions will be reported in the BOS <u>credit transactions</u> <u>registers</u>, noting the outcome may vary slightly as purchases proceed.

### 4.4 Offers proceeding using variation rules

The BCT prioritises purchases of like-for-like credits to meet BCF obligations. Of 7,496 credits proceeding to purchase, 4,530 ecosystem credits (60%) will be purchased using the variation rules (**Table 4**), in accordance with the hierarchy of offset options available to the BCT under the Biodiversity Conservation Regulation 2017. After this result, the proportion of all credits retired and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 'IBRA' refers to Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation of Australia.

secured by the BCT through like-for-like offsetting is around 75%. Across the BOS overall, the proportion of credits acquitted through like-for-like offsetting is estimated to remain over 95%.

Table 4 Number of credits and Offset Trading Groups proceeding to a purchase using variation rules

Offset Trading Group	Number of credits
Bangalay Sand Forest of the Sydney Basin and South East Corner bioregions	116
Coastal Swamp Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	11
Coastal Upland Swamp in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	42
Coastal Valley Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	41
Hunter-Macleay Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	10
Myall Woodland in the Darling Riverine Plains, Brigalow Belt South, Cobar	117
Peneplain, Murray-Darling Depression, Riverina and NSW South Western Slopes bioregions	
North Coast Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	9
Northern Gorge Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	3
Northern Hinterland Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	2
Northern Tableland Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	8
North-west Alluvial Sand Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	30
North-west Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	29
South East Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 90% cleared	3
Southern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	14
Southern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	137
Southern Tableland Grassy Woodlands >= 90% cleared	3
Swamp Sclerophyll Forest on Coastal Floodplains of the New South Wales North Coast, Sydney Basin and South East Corner Bioregions	184
Sydney Hinterland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	467
Sydney Turpentine-Ironbark Forest in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	3
Western Peneplain Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	832
Western Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	586
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	141
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	937
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands >= 90% cleared	41
White Box - Yellow Box - Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native	764
Grassland in the NSW North Coast, New England Tableland, Nandewar, Brigalow Belt South, Sydney Basin, South Eastern Highlands, NSW South Western Slopes, South East Corner and Riverina Bioregions	
Total	4,530

## 5. Other sources of market information

This report is only one source of biodiversity credit market information. Market participants are encouraged to review other sources of information such as the BOS <u>credit transactions register</u>, <u>Biodiversity credits market sales dashboard</u>, <u>Biodiversity Conservation Fund Charge quote reports</u>, <u>Biodiversity Credits Supply Fund</u> reports and other information available on the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEEW) webpage.

The BCT also provides a fee-for-service <u>Biodiversity credits price estimation service</u>, which provides market participants with an estimate of the predicted credit price using the methods outlined in the <u>Biodiversity Offsets Payments Calculator Order 2022</u>.

# **Attachment A – Outcomes of Biodiversity Credit Tender 24-01**

Ecosystem credits	Total bi	ds received	BCT offered to purchase			
Offset Trading Group (Threatened ecological communities (TECs) in bold)	Total bids received	Total bid credits received	IBRA subregion	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Bangalay Sand Forest of the Sydney Basin and South East Corner bioregions	3	477	Jervis	2	116	14,400
Castlereagh Scribbly Gum Woodland in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	2	144				
Central Hunter Grey Box—Ironbark Woodland in the New South Wales North Coast and Sydney Basin Bioregions	1	69	Kerrabee	1	4	5,195
Clarence Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	5	314	Clarence Lowlands	2	106	4,350
Clarence Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	3	179				
Coastal Dune Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	3	467				
Coastal Floodplain Wetlands >= 90% cleared	4	123				
Coastal Freshwater Lagoons >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	15				
Coastal Swamp Forests < 50% cleared	1	3				
Coastal Swamp Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	5	221	Jervis	1	11	18,800
Coastal Swamp Forests >= 90% cleared	2	160				
Coastal Upland Swamp in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	5	198	Yengo	1	45	32,000
Coastal Valley Grassy Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	1	10				
Coastal Valley Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	9	236	Cumberland	2	41	12,010
			Wollemi	2	18	4,000
Coastal Valley Grassy Woodlands >= 90% cleared	2	67				
Cooks River/Castlereagh Ironbark Forest in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	2	4	Cumberland	2	3	40,133

Ecosystem credits		ds received	BCT offered to purchase			
Offset Trading Group (Threatened ecological communities (TECs) in bold)	Total bids received	Total bid credits received	IBRA subregion	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Coolibah-Black Box Woodland in the Darling Riverine Plains, Brigalow Belt South, Cobar Peneplain and Mulga Lands Bioregions	1	2				
Cumberland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 90% cleared	1	8				
Cumberland Plain Woodland in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	21	1,822				
Eastern Riverine Forests < 50% cleared	1	5	Mummel Escarpment	1	5	13,000
Eastern Riverine Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	2	10	Hill End	1	2	7,489
Floodplain Transition Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	3	88				
Freshwater Wetlands on Coastal Floodplains of the New South Wales North Coast, Sydney Basin and South East Corner Bioregions	1	15	Karuah Manning	1	15	16,700
Howell Shrublands in the New England Tableland and Nandewar Bioregions	1	56				
Hunter Valley Footslopes Slaty Gum Woodland in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	1	218				
Hunter-Macleay Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	5	330	Karuah Manning	1	63	1,995
Hunter-Macleay Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	6	403	Kerrabee	1	10	5,250
Hunter-Macleay Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 70% and < 90% cleared	3	371	Upper Hunter	2	12	4,207
Inland Grey Box Woodland in the Riverina, NSW South Western Slopes, Cobar Peneplain, Nandewar and Brigalow Belt South Bioregions	1	13				
Inland Riverine Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	2	13				
Inland Rocky Hill Woodlands < 50% cleared	22	4,166	Inland Slopes	4	260	3,800
Lower Hunter Spotted Gum Ironbark Forest in the Sydney Basin and NSW North Coast Bioregions	1	340				

Ecosystem credits	Total bids received		BCT offered to purchase			
Offset Trading Group (Threatened ecological communities (TECs) in bold)	Total bids received	Total bid credits received	IBRA subregion	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Mangrove Swamps >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	2	Karuah Manning	1	2	10,000
Monaro Tableland Cool Temperate Grassy Woodland in the South Eastern Highlands Bioregion	9	320	Monaro	1	30	8,490
Montane Bogs and Fens >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	3				
Mt Canobolas Xanthoparmelia Lichen Community	2	67				
Myall Woodland in the Darling Riverine Plains, Brigalow Belt	3	153	Castlereagh-Barwon	1	95	3,189
South, Cobar Peneplain, Murray-Darling Depression, Riverina and NSW South Western Slopes bioregions			Northern Outwash	1	22	2,994
New England Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 70% and < 90% cleared	2	68				
New England Grassy Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	1	10				
New England Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	13				
North Coast Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	1	61	Clarence Lowlands	1	9	7,050
North Coast Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	14	484	Karuah Manning	2	13	2,854
North Coast Wet Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	3	485	Ettrema	1	200	7,766
North Coast Wet Sclerophyll Forests >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	36	Wollemi	1	2	5,500
Northern Escarpment Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	1	209				
Northern Gorge Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	3	9	Mummel Escarpment	1	3	10,500
Northern Hinterland Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	10	27	Karuah Manning	2	4	1,997
Northern Hinterland Wet Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	2	6				
Northern Montane Heaths >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	2				
Northern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	4	171				

Ecosystem credits		ds received	BCT offered to purchase			
Offset Trading Group (Threatened ecological communities (TECs) in bold)	Total bids received	Total bid credits received	IBRA subregion	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Northern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	2	80				
Northern Tableland Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	2	12	Chaelundi	1	8	2,400
North-west Alluvial Sand Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	1	30	Castlereagh-Barwon	1	30	5,889
North-west Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Woodlands < 50% cleared	2	6				
North-west Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	8	219	Peel	1	29	2,900
North-west Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	39	Eastern Nandewars	1	10	4,250
River-Flat Eucalypt Forest on Coastal Floodplains of the New	4	347	Burragorang	1	8	20,000
South Wales North Coast, Sydney Basin and South East Corner Bioregions			Cumberland	2	130	22,000
South Coast Sands Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	3	445				
South East Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	6	1,849				
South East Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 90% cleared	1	13	Crookwell	1	3	4,999
Southern Escarpment Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	2	54	Burragorang	1	27	5,978
Southern Lowland Wet Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	8	80	Jervis	1	10	7,000
Southern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	9	736	Monaro	1	14	2,590
Southern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and <	24	1,726	Burragorang	2	137	4,789
70% cleared			Snowy Mountains	1	1	2,750
Southern Tableland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 90% cleared	1	78	Monaro	1	3	5,200
Southern Tableland Grassy Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	6	137				
Southern Tableland Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	1	26				

Ecosystem credits	Total bi	ds received	BCT offered to purchase			
Offset Trading Group (Threatened ecological communities (TECs) in bold)	Total bids received	Total bid credits received	IBRA subregion	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Southern Tableland Grassy Woodlands >= 90% cleared	6	122				
Subalpine Woodlands < 50% cleared	2	30	Snowy Mountains	1	7	5,702
Subtropical Coastal Floodplain Forest of the New South Wales North Coast Bioregion	8	382	Clarence Lowlands Macleay Hastings	1 2	37 5	5,196 3,350
Swamp Oak Floodplain Forest of the New South Wales North Coast, Sydney Basin and South East Corner Bioregions	7	118	Karuah Manning	1	5	16,900
Swamp Sclerophyll Forest on Coastal Floodplains of the New	29	938	Clarence Lowlands	1	1	5,939
South Wales North Coast, Sydney Basin and South East			Jervis	5	134	19,069
Corner Bioregions			Karuah Manning	2	60	6,990
			Macleay Hastings	1	6	2,980
			Wyong	5	220	12,000
Sydney Coastal Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	3	51	Yengo	1	5	5,500
Sydney Freshwater Wetlands in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	1	11				
Sydney Hinterland Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	20	3,471	Yengo	2	2	5,399
Sydney Hinterland Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	2	611	Wollemi	1	467	5,000
Sydney Sand Flats Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	3	184	Wollemi	1	7	15,400
Sydney Turpentine-Ironbark Forest in the Sydney Basin Bioregion	16	1,285	Cumberland	2	32	33,000
Tableland Clay Grassy Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	1	12				
Tableland Clay Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90% cleared	2	44				
Tableland Clay Grassy Woodlands >= 90% cleared	6	33				
Upper Riverina Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	5	168	Hill End	1	2	3,950
Western Peneplain Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	2	1,019	Canbelego Downs	1	832	2,000

Ecosystem credits	Total bids received		BCT offered to purchase			
Offset Trading Group (Threatened ecological communities (TECs) in bold)	Total bids received	Total bid credits received	IBRA subregion	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Western Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	34	3,506	Inland Slopes	1	74	2,200
			Kerrabee	3	401	1,553
			Pilliga Outwash	1	52	1,500
			Wollemi	1	59	2,155
Western Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 50% and < 70% cleared	21	4,280	Inland Slopes	3	70	2,377
Western Slopes Dry Sclerophyll Forests >= 90% cleared	1	23				
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands < 50% cleared	1	15				
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands >= 50% and < 70% cleared	13	1,573	Inland Slopes	3	141	2,785
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands >= 70% and < 90%	7	7 1,653	Hill End	2	878	4,189
cleared			Inland Slopes	3	56	4,289
			Peel	1	3	6,400
Western Slopes Grassy Woodlands >= 90% cleared	4	89	Inland Slopes	3	41	4,105
White Box - Yellow Box - Blakely's Red Gum Grassy	80	11,170	Hill End	1	631	4,189
Woodland and Derived Native Grassland in the NSW North			Inland Slopes	7	173	4,323
Coast, New England Tableland, Nandewar, Brigalow Belt South, Sydney Basin, South Eastern Highlands, NSW South			Northern Basalts	3	81	3,750
Western Slopes, South East Corner and Riverina Bioregions			Peel	1	17	3,750
			Pilliga	2	34	4,000
Yetman Dry Sclerophyll Forests < 50% cleared	3	139				
TOTAL Ecosystem Credits	539	49,477		114	6,034	

Species credits	Total bio	ds received	BCT offered to purchase			
Species credit type	Total number of bids received	Total number of bid credits received	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)	
Aepyprymnus rufescens (Rufous Bettong)	2	152				
Anthochaera phrygia (Regent Honeyeater)	3	78				
Aprasia parapulchella (Pink-tailed Legless Lizard)	3	21	2	7	1,343	
Callistemon linearifolius (Netted Bottle Brush)	2	47				
Callocephalon fimbriatum (Gang-gang Cockatoo)	1	92	1	92	3,150	
Calotis glandulosa (Mauve Burr-daisy)	1	17				
Cercartetus nanus (Eastern Pygmy-possum)	2	1,444	2	802	1,485	
Chalinolobus dwyeri (Large-eared Pied Bat)	8	2,792				
Commersonia procumbens (Commersonia procumbens)	1	9				
Eucalyptus glaucina (Slaty Red Gum)	1	696				
Grevillea juniperina subsp. juniperina (Juniper-leaved	2	29	2	29	250	
Hoplocephalus stephensii (Stephens' Banded Snake)	1	7	1	7	2,050	
Litoria aurea (Green and Golden Bell Frog)	2	14				
Litoria brevipalmata (Green-thighed Frog)	2	20	1	5	1,500	
Macropus parma (Parma Wallaby)	3	12				
Meridolum corneovirens (Cumberland Plain Land Snail)	4	352	3	97	257	
Miniopterus orianae oceanensis (Large Bent-winged Bat)	1	6				
Myotis macropus (Southern Myotis)	6	2,555	1	111	890	
Ninox connivens (Barking Owl)	3	1,810				
Ninox strenua (Powerful Owl)	3	174				
Phascogale tapoatafa (Brush-tailed Phascogale)	7	252	2	36	349	
Phascolarctos cinereus (Koala)	22	2,754	3	354	356	
Pommerhelix duralensis (Dural Land Snail)	1	34	1	34	400	
Potorous tridactylus (Long-nosed Potoroo)	2	8				

Species credits	Total bids received		BCT offered to purchase		
Species credit type	Total number of bids received	Total number of bid credits received	Number of bids	Number of credits	Weighted average bid price per credit (\$)
Pseudophryne australis (Red-crowned Toadlet)	6	78			
Pterostylis chaetophora (Pterostylis chaetophora)	1	158	1	158	7,000
Solanum celatum (Solanum celatum)	1	2			
Swainsona recta (Small Purple-pea)	1	31			
Swainsona sericea (Silky Swainson-pea)	8	392			
Synemon plana (Golden Sun Moth)	1	8			
Tetratheca glandulosa (Tetratheca glandulosa)	2	82			
Tetratheca juncea (Black-eyed Susan)	2	71	1	7	100
Thesium australe (Austral Toadflax)	2	246	2	127	3,134
Tylophora linearis (Tylophora linearis)	1	94	1	94	5,000
Tyto novaehollandiae (Masked Owl)	1	333			
Vespadelus troughtoni (Eastern Cave Bat)	7	343			
TOTAL Species credits	116	15,213	24	1960	
GRAND TOTAL	655	64,690	138	7,994	